CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION LENOIR, NORTH CAROLINA

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Boggs, Crump & Brown, P.A.

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION LENOIR, NORTH CAROLINA

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Boggs, Crump & Brown, P.A.

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education Caldwell County, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Caldwell County Board of Education, North Carolina, as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Caldwell County Board of Education's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statement that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Caldwell County Board of Education, North Carolina as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, State Public School Fund and Federal Grant Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages four through thirteen and the Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Board Contributions on pages 61 and 62, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Caldwell County Board of Education's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary schedules and other schedules, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 20,2017 on our consideration of Caldwell County's Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Caldwell County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Boggs, Crump & Brown, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Bugge Cop & Brown

November 20, 2017 Morganton, North Carolina

This section of the Caldwell County Board of Education's (the Board) financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2017. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in this report.

Financial Highlights

- The school system experienced an increased enrollment of 51 students (0.4%) from the previous year.
- The assets of the Board exceeded liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$65,642,653.
- The Board's total net position decreased by (\$2,873,674).
- Unassigned General Fund balance totaled \$5,690,146 at June 30, 2017. Total General Fund balance decreased by (\$529,340) during fiscal year 2017.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the Board's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$16,230,272 a decrease of (\$421,868) from the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The audited financial statements of the Caldwell County Board of Education consist of four components. They are as follows:

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required supplemental section that presents budgetary statements for governmental funds and for enterprise funds.

The Basic Financial Statements include two types of statements that present different views of the Board's finances. The first is the government-wide statements. The government-wide statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The statement of net position includes all of the Board's assets and liabilities. Assets and liabilities are classified in the order of relative liquidity for assets and due date for liabilities. This statement provides a summary of the Board's investment in assets and obligations to creditors. Liquidity and financial flexibility can be evaluated using the information contained in this statement. The Statement of Activities summarizes the Board's revenues and expenses for the current year. A net (expense) revenue format is used to indicate to what extent each function is self-sufficient.

The second set of statements included in the basic financial statements is the *Fund Financial Statements*, which are presented for the Board's governmental funds and proprietary funds. These statements present the governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting measuring the

near term inflows and outflows of financial resources and what is available at year-end to spend in the next fiscal year. The proprietary funds are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements focus on the Board's most significant funds. Because a different basis of accounting is used in the government wide statements, reconciliation from the governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide statements is required. The government-wide statements provide information about the Board as an economic unit while the fund financial statements provide information on the financial resources of each of the Board's major funds.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the unit as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position presents information on all of the Board's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two Government-wide statements report the Board's net position and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between the board's assets plus deferred outflows of resources and the total of liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources - is one way to measure the unit's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Board's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the Board's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of its school buildings and other physical assets.

The unit's activities are divided into two categories in the government-wide statements:

- Governmental activities: Most of the board's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. County funding and state and federal aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The Board charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. School food service and childcare services are included here.

The government-wide statements are shown as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Board's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the unit as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Board uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by State law, such as the State Public School Fund
- The Board has established other funds to control and manage money for particular purpose or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as in the Federal Grants fund.

Caldwell County Board of Education has two types of funds:

Governmental funds: Most of the Board's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on two things - how cash and other assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. As a result of this focus, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Board's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements, in the form of a reconciliation, explains the relationship (or differences) between the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The Board has several governmental funds: the General fund, the State Public School Fund, the Individual Schools Funds, the Capital Outlay Fund, and the Federal Grants Fund.

The governmental fund statements are shown as Exhibits 3, 4 and 5 of this report.

Proprietary funds: Services for which the Board charges a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. The proprietary fund statements are reported on the same full accrual basis of accounting as the government-wide statements. Caldwell County Board of Education has two proprietary funds - both enterprise funds - the School Food Service Fund and the Child Care Fund.

The proprietary fund statements are shown as Exhibits 6, 7 and 8 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Net position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the Board. Assets exceeded liabilities by \$65,642,653 as of June 30, 2017. The largest component of net position is net investment in capital assets of \$68,424,524.

Following is a summary of the Statement of Net Position:

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2017

	Business-type					
	Governmental	Activities	Activ	vities	Total Primar	y Government
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
						-
Current assets	¢22 115 640	\$22 10E 0E7	¢1 760 E22	¢ 4 402 607	\$26,884,181	\$26,509,474
Capital assets	09,091,391	69,301,937		013,241	69,838,710	70,315,178
Total assets	91,207,240	91,607,804	5,515,651	5,216,848	96,722,891	96,824,652
Deferred outflows						
of resources	27,438,250	5,672,373	1,027,616	212,440	28,465,866	5,884,813
		, ,		·		
Current liabilities	9,953,551	8,337,714	272,180	319,609	10,225,731	8,657,323
Long-term liabilities	45,267,565	19,362,293	1,574,774	635,506	46,842,339	19,997,799
Total liabilities	55,221,116	27,700,007	<u>1,846,954</u>	955,115	57,068,070	28,655,122
Deferred inflows of						
Resources	2,388,581	5,381,597	89,453	156,419	2,478,034	5,538,016
Net Investment in	67 677 405	60 424 054	747 110	012 041	60 404 504	60 040 105
capital assets Restricted:	6/,6//,405	68,434,954	747,119	813,241	68,424,524	69,248,195
Individual schools	1 210 654	1,249,091			1,319,654	1,249,091
Stabilization by State	1,319,634	1,249,091			1,319,634	1,249,091
statute	1 203 103	761,920			1,203,193	761 , 920
School Capital Outlay	2,170,382	644,371			2,170,382	644,371
Unrestricted net position		•	3 950 7/1	3 504 513	(7,475,100)	·
ourescricced her bosicion	(+1,004,041)	(U, U) ±, 103			(/, 4/0, 100)	(3,301,230)
Total net position	\$61,035,793	\$64,198,573	\$4,606,860	\$ 4,317,754	\$65,642,653	\$68,516,327

Note that net position decreased during the year, indicating a decline in the financial condition of the Board. The decrease in net position 4.20% resulted from pension adjustments required by GASB 68 and a decrease in capital assets. Also, note that the Board carries capital assets for which Caldwell County caries the offsetting debt.

The following table shows the revenues and expenses for the Board for the current fiscal year.

Table 2
Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses,
and Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			ss-type vities	Total Primary Government		
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30,		June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 904,404	\$ 969,250	\$2,848,936	\$ 3,075,726	\$ 3,753,340	\$ 4,044,976	
contributions Capital grants and	80,840,548	78,557,140	5,512,757	5,518,566	86,353,305	84,075,706	
contributions	91,339	79 , 571			91,339	79,571	
General revenue:	05 057 005	06 514 060	0.042	6 530	05 060 040	06 501 401	
Other revenues	25,057,905	26,514,869		6,532	25,060,848	26,521,401	
Total revenues	<u>106,894,196</u>	<u>106,120,830</u>	8,364,636	8,600,824	<u>115,258,832</u>	114,721,654	
Expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
Instructional services System-wide support	89,550,006	83,683,689			89,550,006	83,683,689	
services		16,259,733			17,459,217		
Ancillary services		30,590			17,572	•	
Non-programmed charges Unallocated depreciation	50,494				50,494		
expense	2,933,688	2,946,843			2,933,688	2,946,843	
Business-type activities:							
Food service					6,923,099		
Child care			1,198,430	<u>1,123,377</u>	1,198,430	1,123,377	
Total expenses	<u>110,010,977</u>	102,977,651	8,121,529	8,098,517	<u>118,132,506</u>	<u>111,076,168</u>	
Increase (decrease)in net							
position before transfers	(3,116,781	3,143,179	243,107	502 , 307	(2,873,674)	3,645,486	
Transfers in (out)	(45,999)	(39,880)	45,999	39,880			
<pre>Increase (decrease) in net position</pre>	(3,162,780)	3,103,299	289,106	542,187	(2,873,674)	3,645,486	
Net position, beginning	64,198,573	61,095,274	4,317,754	3,775,567	68,516,327	64,870,841	
Ending net position	\$61 , 035 , 793	\$64,198,573	\$4,606,860	\$ 4,317,754	\$65,642,653	\$68,516,327	

Total governmental activities generated revenues of \$106,894,196 while expenses in this category totaled \$110,010,977 for the year ended June 30, 2017. Comparatively, revenues were \$106,120,830 and expenses totaled \$102,977,651 for the year ended June 30, 2016. After transfers to the business-type activities, the decrease in net

position stands at (\$3,162,780) at June 30, 2017 compared to an increase in net position of \$ 3,103,299 for fiscal year end June 30, 2016. Instructional services expenses comprised 81.4% of total governmental-type expenses while system-wide support services made up 16.9% of those expenses for fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. Instructional services expenses comprised 81.3% of total governmental-type expenses while system-wide support services made up 15.8% of those expenses for fiscal year June 30, 2016. County funding comprised 15.4% of total government revenue for fiscal year end June 30, 2017 as compared to 17.5% in fiscal year end June 30, 2016 while unrestricted state funding comprised 6.3% and 5.7% for fiscal years ending June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 respectively. Much of the remaining 78.3% of total governmental revenue consists mainly of restricted State and Federal money for the year ending June 30, 2017. This revenue represented 76.8% of total revenue in 2016. Businesstype activities generated revenue of \$8,364,636 and had expenses of \$8,121,529 as compared to revenues of \$8,600,826 and expenses of \$8,098,517 for the period ending June 30, 2016. Net position increased in the business-type activities by \$289,106 as compared to an increase of \$542,187 for the period ending June 30, 2016.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Governmental Funds: The focus of Caldwell County Board of Education's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Board's financing requirements.

The Board's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$16,230,272 a decrease of (\$421,868) from the prior year. The Board's General Fund had a decrease in fund balance of (\$529,340) while the Individual School Fund and Capital Outaly Fund both had revenues that exceeded expenditures. The General Fund decrease in fund balance of (\$529,340) is primarily due to the General Fund funding cuts in the state budget and additional increases in employer benefit costs.

At the close of the year, state funding was \$77,112,444, compared to \$75,484,601 in 2016, an increase of \$1,627,843 for the year. This was mainly due to increased funding from the State Public School Fund. County funding was \$16,447,364, compared to \$17,869,940 in 2016, a decrease of (\$1,422,576). This decrease is due to County funding for school capital outlay in the prior year. Federal Grant funding was \$6,725,396, compared to \$6,789,305 in 2016, a decrease of (\$63,909) for the year.

The Board's business-type funds performed well in the past year with a combined increase in net position of \$289,106 as compared to an increase of \$542,187 for the period ended June 30, 2016. The School Food Service Fund reported an increase in net position of \$184,756 while the Child Care Fund reported an increase in net position of \$104,350 as compared to an increase of net position of \$378,678 and an increase of \$163,509 respectively for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

When analyzing the school districts financial reports, it is important to understand what type of costs are reported in each functional category. A brief description of each function category reported on the government-wide statement of activities and the fund statements follows:

Regular instructional services - The entire cost of regular classrooms are reported in this category, including teacher and teacher assistant salaries and benefits, instructional supplies, material, books and equipment.

Special population services - The cost of additional instructional services for students certified as exceptional children are reported in this category, including teacher and teacher assistant salaries and benefits, contracts with outside providers, instructional supplies, materials, books and equipment.

Alternative programs and services - The cost of activities designed to identify students likely to be unsuccessful in traditional classrooms and/or to drop out and to provide special alternative and/or additional learning opportunities for these at-risk students are recorded in this category. This includes costs of those individuals responsible for providing school curriculum development and coordination as well as lead teachers for alternative programs and services. Programs include summer school instruction, remediation, alcohol and drug prevention, extended day, services to help keep students in school, as well as alternative educational settings, instructional delivery models, and supporting services for identified students.

School leadership services - The cost of principals, assistant principals, school treasurers, school clerical support, supplies, materials and equipment are reported in this category.

Co-curricular services - The cost of extra-curricular programs, such as athletics, marching band, and after-school clubs, are reported in this category, including extra-duty pay and benefits to/for coaches/sponsors, contracts to lease facilities and equipment and for security and officials, instructional supplies, materials, books and equipment.

School based support services - The cost of other direct services to students, such as guidance services, educational media services, student accounting, health, safety and security support services, instructional technology services, and unallocated staff development are reported in this category.

Support and development services - Cost of activities to provide program leadership, support, and development services for regular curricular programs of instruction, JROTC, cultural arts, physical education, foreign language and technology curricular support and development services.

Special population support and development services - Costs of activities to provide program leadership, support, and development services primarily for identifying and serving students having special physical, emotional, or mental impediments to learning are recorded in this category. Also, included are support and development services for those students needing specialized services such as limited English proficiency and gifted education.

Alternative programs and services support and development - Costs of activities to provide program leadership, support, and development services for programs designed to identify students likely to be unsuccessful in traditional classrooms and/or to drop out and to provide special alternative and/or additional learning opportunities for these at risk students are recorded in this category. Programs include summer school instruction, remediation, alcohol and drug prevention, extended day, services to help keep students in school, as well as alternative educational settings, instructional delivery models, and supporting services for identified students.

Technology support services - Costs of central activities associated with implementing, supporting and maintaining the computer hardware, software, peripherals, technical infrastructure which provide technology system services to the school system as a whole. Also, included is the development and implementation of technological systems; and technology user support services for the school system.

Operational support services - Costs of activities for the operational support of the school system such as printing and copying services, communication services, utility services, transportation of students, facilities, planning and construction, custodial and housekeeping services, maintenance services, and warehouse and delivery services.

Financial and human resource services - costs of activities concerned with acquisition, management, reporting and protection of financial resources; and with recruitment, retention, placement, and development of human resources.

Accountability services - costs of activities concerned with the development, administration, reporting and analysis of student progress. This area includes the testing and reporting for student accountability and also the planning, research development and program evaluation costs of the school system.

System-wide pupil support services - Costs of activities that provide program leadership, support, and development services for system-wide pupil support activities for students in grades K-12. These areas include educational media support, student accounting support, guidance support, health support, safety and security support, and instructional technology support system-wide services.

Policy, leadership and public relations services - Costs of activities concerned with the overall general administration of and executive responsibility for the entire school system. These costs include costs of activities of the elected body (Board of Education), legal services, audit services, costs of activities performed by the superintendent, associate superintendents and other system-wide leadership positions generally directing and managing all affairs of the school system.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Board revised the budget several times to account for changes in revenue expectations and to change appropriations in light of the adjusted revenue estimates. Even with the adjustments in revenue, the Board was able to reduce spending and end the year with a smaller than initially anticipated deficit. Adjusted estimates in revenues and corresponding revisions in appropriations totaled an increase of \$2,999,511 in the General Fund.

Capital Assets

Capital assets decreased by \$476,468 (or 0.70%) from the previous year. Depreciation for the total primary government totaled \$3,829,810 while additions from capital expenditures totaled \$3,353,342. The following is a summary of the capital assets, net of depreciation at year-end.

Table 3
Summary of Capital Assets
as of June 30, 2017

	Governmental	Activities	Busines Activ	ss-type rities	Total Primary Government		
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	
Land	\$ 2,950,419	\$ 2,950,419	\$	\$	\$ 2,950,419	\$ 2,950,419	
Construction in progress	563,126	629,710			563,126	629 , 710	
Buildings and Improvements	60,510,707	61,763,884			60,510,707	61,763,884	
Equipment and furniture	1,275,034	1,054,001	747,119	813,241	2,022,153	1,867,242	
Vehicles	3,792,305	3,103,923			3,792,305	3,103,923	
Total	\$69,091,591	<u>\$69,501,937</u>	\$747 , 119	\$813,241	<u>\$69,838,710</u>	<u>\$70,315,178</u>	

More detailed information concerning capital assets is available in the notes to the financial statements (Note II.A.4).

Debt Outstanding

During the year the Board's outstanding debt increased by \$347,205 due to the use of installment financing to pay for school buses. The Board is limited by North Carolina statutes with regards to the types of debt it can issue and for what purpose that debt can be used. The County holds virtually all debt issued for school capital construction.

More detailed information concerning long-term debt activity is available in the notes to the financial statements (Note II.B.8).

Economic Factors

County funding is a major source of income for the Board; therefore the County's economic outlook directly affects that of the school district. The following factors have an affect on the economic outlook of Caldwell County.

- Caldwell County's economy has historically been based on the furniture industry, which has seen massive layoffs in recent years due to international competition.
- The County's unemployment rate has decreased by 1.1% from 5.3% in 2016 to 4.2% in 2017. The County's unemployment rate is the same as the state rate of 4.2%
- Caldwell County Schools is the leading employer in Caldwell County.

Requests for Information

This report is intended to provide a summary of the financial condition of Caldwell County Board of Education. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

David Johnson, Finance Officer Caldwell County Board of Education 1914 Hickory Boulevard SW Lenoir, North Carolina 28645 - 14 - EXHIBIT 1

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Receivables (net) Internal balances Inventories	16,527,369 4,852,110 29,941 80,579 625,650	4,239,823 225,467 22,393 (80,579) 361,428	20,767,192 5,077,577 52,334 - 987,078
Total current assets	22,115,649	4,768,532	26,884,181
Capital assets (Note 1): Land and			
construction in progress Other capital assets, net of	3,513,545		3,513,545
depreciation	65,578,046	747,119	66,325,165
Total capital assets	69,091,591	747,119	69,838,710
Total assets	91,207,240	5,515,651	96,722,891
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	27,438,250	1,027,616	28,465,866
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued salaries and wages payable Unearned revenue Liabilities due within one year	553,408 5,331,969 4,068,174	31,593 37,967 67,305 135,315	585,001 5,369,936 67,305 4,203,489
Total current liabilities	9,953,551	272 , 180	10,225,731
Long-term liabilities: Net pension liability Due in more than one year	41,913,049 3,354,516	1,569,732 5,042	43,482,781 3,359,558
Total long-term liabilities	45,267,565	1,574,774	46,842,339
Total liabilities	55,221,116	1,846,954	57,068,070
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,388,581	89,453	2,478,034
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Individual schools Stabilization by State Statute School Capital Outlay Unrestricted	67,677,405 1,319,654 1,203,193 2,170,382 (11,334,841)	747,119 3,859,741	1,319,654 1,203,193 2,170,382 (7,475,100)
Total net position	\$ 61,035,793	\$4,606,860	\$ 65,642,653

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		1	Program Revenues	
		Charges	Operating	Capital
		for	Grants and	Grants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Primary government:				
Governmental Activities:				
Instructional programs:				
Regular Instructional	\$ 52,342,612		\$ 44,172,978	
Special Populations	12,427,446		10,823,893	
Alternative Programs	8,568,758	91,560	8,451,314	
School Leadership	6,519,353		4,157,504	
Co-Curricular	3,398,857	802 , 847	2,065,022	
School-Based Support	6,292,980		4,508,292	
System-wide Support services:				
Support and Development	1,212,301		413,031	
Special Population Support				
and Development	595,455		451,419	
Alternative Programs and Services				
Support and Development	314,769		309,794	
Technology Support	925,477		149,748	
Operational Support	10,847,458	9,997	4,428,799	91,339
Financial and Human Resource	1,538,949	·	91,381	·
Accountability	271,417		•	
System-wide Pupil Support	45,633			
Policy, Leadership, and	,			
Public Relations	1,707,758		645,264	
Ancillary Services	17,572		•	
Non-programmed charges	50,494		172,109	
Unallocated depreciation expense**	2,933,688		•	
1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	T		
Total governmental activities	\$ 110,010,977	\$ 904,404	\$ 80,840,548	\$ 91,339
Business-type activities:				
School food service	6,923,099	1,547,227	5,512,757	
Child care	1,198,430	1,301,709	-,,	
	_,,			
Total business-type activities	8,121,529	2,848,936	5,512,757	_
	•	•		_
Total primary government	\$ 118,132,506	\$ 3,753,340	\$ 86,353,305	\$ 91,339

General revenues:

Unrestricted county appropriations - operating Unrestricted county appropriations - capital Unrestricted state appropriations - operating Unrestricted state appropriations - capital Investment earnings, unrestricted Miscellaneous, unrestricted

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position Net position, beginning Net position - ending

^{**} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government Business-Governmental type Activities Activities Total \$ (8,169,634) \$ \$ (8,169,634) (1,603,553)(1,603,553)(25,884)(25,884)(2,361,849)(2,361,849)(530,988)(530,988)(1,784,688)(1,784,688)(799, 270)(799, 270)(144,036)(144,036)(4,975)(4,975)(775,729)(775,729)(6,317,323)(6,317,323)(1,447,568)(1,447,568)(271,417)(271,417) (45,633)(45,633)(1,062,494)(1,062,494)(17,572)(17,572)121,615 121,615 (2,933,688)(2,933,688)(28, 174, 686) (28, 174, 686) 136,885 136,885 103,279 103,279 240,164 240,164 (28, 174, 686)240,164 (27,934,522)14,800,000 14,800,000 1,636,789 1,636,789 4,816,164 4,816,164 1,866,809 1,866,809 79,325 2,943 82,268 1,858,818 1,858,818 (45,999)45,999 25,011,906 48,942 25,060,848 289,106 (3, 162, 780)(2,873,674)4,317,754 64,198,573 68,516,327 \$ 61,035,793 4,606,860 \$ 65,642,653

- 17 - EXHIBIT 3

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

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MAJOR FUNDS						
_	General	State Public School	Individual Schools	Capital Outlay	Federal Grants	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other government Due from other funds Receivables (Net) Inventories	12,541,059 52,932 84,893 29,941 625,650	3,408,913	1,319,654	2,666,656 1,120,320	269,945	16,527,369 4,852,110 84,893 29,941 625,650
Total assets	13,334,475	3,408,913	1,319,654	3,786,976	269 , 945	22,119,963
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN Liabilities: Accounts payable and	CES					
accrued liabilities Accrued salaries and	57 , 134		-	496,274		553,408
benefits payable Due to other funds	1,653,111 4,314	3,408,913			269,945	5,331,969 4,314
Total liabilities _	1,714,559	3,408,913	_	496,274	269 , 945	5,889,691
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Inventories Restricted: Stabilization by State	625,650					625 , 650
Statute School Capital Outlay Individual Schools Assigned:	82,873		1,319,654	1,120,320 2,170,382		1,203,193 2,170,382 1,319,654
Subsequent years expenditure Unassigned	5,221,247 5,690,146					5,221,247 5,690,146
Total fund balance_	11,619,916	-	1,319,654	3,290,702	_	16,230,272
-	\$13,334,475			\$ 3,786,976	\$269,945	=
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Some liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued vacation pay, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds (Note 4). Net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Net position of government activities						
		Net position (of government	activities		\$ 61,035,793

- 18 - EXHIBIT 4

- \$1,319,654 \$3,290,702 \$

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	MAJOR FUNDS					
•	Conomal	State Public	Individual	Capital	Federal	Total Governmental
REVENUES	General	School	Schools	Outlay	Grants	Funds
State of North Carolina Caldwell County U.S. Government Contributions and donations	\$ 908,075 14,810,575 93,460 1,582,592	\$ 74,337,560	2,065,022	\$1,866,809 1,636,789	6,631,936	\$ 77,112,444 16,447,364 6,725,396 3,647,614
Other	2,186,895		826,650	78 , 866		3,092,411
Total revenues	19,581,597	74,337,560	2,891,672	3,582,464	6,631,936	107,025,229
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instructional services:		45 000 005			505 060	50 004 000
Regular Instructional	3,294,694	47,023,237			587,068	50,904,999
Special Populations	1,318,002	8,431,581			2,393,239	12,142,822
Alternative Programs	2,322,704	3,077,607			3,046,473	8,446,784
School Leadership	1,843,150	4,514,852			-	6,358,002
Co-Curricular	571 , 791	-	2,821,109		-	3,392,900
School-Based Support	1,115,212	4,928,080			139,004	6,182,296
System-wide support services:						
Support and Development	819,323	249,374			111,590	1,180,287
Special Population Support						
and Development	131,948	451 , 419				583 , 367
Alternative Programs & Services						
Support and Development	120,259	39,722			141,530	301,511
Technology Support	814,625	149,748				964,373
Operational Support	5,248,014	4,413,216			15,583	9,676,813
Financial and Human					·	
Resource	1,093,484	436,801			1,999	1,532,284
Accountability	266,177	,			,	266,177
System-wide Pupil Support	45,399					45,399
Policy, Leadership, and	10,033					10,000
Public Relations	1,033,626	575,924			71,532	1,681,082
Ancillary services	17,111	373,324			71,552	17,111
Non-programmed charges	57 , 609				123,918	181,527
Debt service:	37,003				123, 310	101, 327
Principal				863,570		863 , 570
				003,370		003,370
Capital outlay: Real property and buildings				1 700 240		1 700 240
1 1 1				1,792,340		1,792,340
System-wide support services				1,465,154		1,465,154
Instructional services				635,266		635,266
Total expenditures	20,113,128	74,291,561	2,821,109	4,756,330	6,631,936	108,614,064
Evene (deficiency) of many						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	1504 5041	45 000	70 562	(1 172 066)		(1 500 005)
over expenditures	(531,531)	45,999	70,563	(1,173,866)		(1,588,835)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers (to) from other funds	-	(45 , 999)		-		(45 , 999)
Installment purchase obligations						
issued				1,210,775		1,210,775
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	-	(45 , 999)		1,210,775	_	1,164,776
Net change in fund balances	(531 , 531)	-	70 , 563	36,909		(424,059)
Fund balances- beginning	12,149,256		1,249,091	3,253,793		16,652,140
Increase in reserve for inventories	2,191	· 				2,191
			** ***	***		

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Fund balances - ending

- 19 - EXHIBIT 4

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds Change in fund balance due to change in reserve for inventory	\$ (424,059) 2,191
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current	
period	(410,348)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal	
year are not included on the Statement of Activities	6,309,556
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principle of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position:	
New debt issued Repayment of long-term debt	(1,210,775) 863,570
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Pension expense	(7,851,671)
Compensated absences	 (441,244)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (3,162,780)

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General Fund				
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	_				
State of North Carolina	\$ -	\$ 809,113	\$ 908,075	\$ 98,962	
Caldwell County	14,882,000	14,882,000	14,810,575	(71,425)	
U.S. Government	146,000	146,000	93,460	(52,540)	
Contributions and donations	-	1,957,393	1,582,592	(374,801)	
Other	1,401,164	1,634,169	2,186,895	552 , 726	
Total Revenues	16,429,164	19,428,675	19,581,597	152,922	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instructional services:	6 677 055	F 1F0 47F	2 204 604	1 055 701	
Regular Instructional	6,677,055	5,150,475	3,294,694	1,855,781	
Special Populations	411,605	1,318,605	1,318,002	603	
Alternative Programs	634,560	3,345,066	2,322,704	1,022,362	
School Leadership	2,514,077	2,514,077	1,843,150	670 , 927	
Co-Curricular	664,806	664,806	571,791	93,015	
School-Based Support	740,636	1,115,216	1,115,212	4	
System-wide Support services:					
Support and Development	680,616	1,030,675	819,323	211,352	
Special Population Support					
and Development	130,087	131,949	131,948	1	
Alternative Programs and Services					
Support and Development	23,447	120,260	120,259	1	
Technology Support	910,944	910,944	814,625	96,319	
Operational Support	5,254,543	5,309,543	5,248,014	61,529	
Financial and Human Resource	1,544,108	1,542,826	1,093,484	449,342	
Accountability	265,873	266,178	266,177	1	
System-wide Pupil Support	44,424	45,401	45,399	2	
Policy, Leadership, and	77,727	45,401	40,000	۷	
Public Relations	1,090,429	1,091,406	1,033,626	57 , 780	
Ancillary Services	1,000,420	1,001,400	1,033,020	37,700	
Nutrition Services	6,558	26,558	17,111	9,447	
Non-programmed charges	64,376	74,376	57,609	16,767	
Total expenditures	21,658,144	24,658,361	20,113,128	4,545,233	
Revenues over (under)					
expenditures	(5,228,980)	(5,229,686)	(531,531)	4,698,155	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfer to other funds	(80,000)	(80,000)		80,000	
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	(80,000)	(80,000)		80,000	
Revenues and other sources					
and other uses	(5,308,980)	(5,309,686)	(531,531)	4,778,155	
Fund balances, beginning of year	5,308,980	5,309,686	12,149,256	6,839,570	
Increase in reserve for	0,000,000	0,000,000	12,110,200	0,000,010	
inventories			2,191	2,191	
Fund balances, end of year	s -	\$ -	\$11,619,916	\$ 11,619,916	
rana paraneco, ena or year	т		+ 11,010,010	, O, D	

- 21 - EXHIBIT 5

State Public School Fund				Federal Grant Fund			
Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
\$72,667,670	\$ 76,332,533	\$74,337,560	\$(1,994,973)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
				7,118,106	7,301,423	6,631,936	(669,487)
72,667,670	76,332,533	74,337,560	(1,994,973)	7,118,106	7,301,423	6,631,936	(669,487)
49,018,639 6,250,472 5,986,530	48,546,950 8,431,581 3,204,496	47,023,237 8,431,581 3,077,607	1,523,713 - 126,889	583,447 2,482,713 3,368,887	587,069 2,631,422 3,355,138	587,068 2,393,239 3,046,473	1 238,183
4,024,534	4,514,853	4,514,852	1 -				308 , 665
1,950,885	4,928,081	4,928,080	1	153 , 827	160,168	139,004	21,164
122,451	398,561	249,374	149,187	121,841	168,274	111,590	56,684
460,814	460,814	451,419	9,395				-
34,183	39,723 167,235	39,722 149,748	1 17,487	151,764	147,985	141,530	6 , 455
4,129,461 87,465	4,580,376 436,804 -	4,413,216 436,801	167,160 3 -	16,250 5,000	16,250 5,000	15,583 1,999	667 3,001 -
552,910	573 , 733	575 , 924	(2,191)	85 , 589	80,385	71,532	8 , 853
				148,788	149,732	123,918	 25,814
72,618,344	76,283,207	74,291,561	1,991,646	7,118,106	7,301,423	6,631,936	669,487
49,326	49,326	45,999	(3,327)				
(49,326)	(49,326)	(45,999)	3,327				
(49,326)	(49,326)	(45,999)	3,327				
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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- 22 - EXHIBIT 6

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

Enterprise Fund Major Fund School Food Service Child Care Total ASSETS Current assets: \$ 4,239,823 Cash and cash equivalents \$ 3,352,083 \$ 887,740 Receivable 22,393 22,393 199,552 225,467 Due from other governments 25,915 4,314 Due from other funds 4,314 Inventories 361,428 361,428 Total current assets 913,655 3,939,770 4,853,425 Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Furniture and equipment, net 747,119 747,119 Total noncurrent assets 747,119 747,119 Total assets \$ 4,686,889 913,655 5,600,544 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 810,715 216,901 1,027,616 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses 26,862 4,731 31,593 Accrued salaries and wages payable 30,811 7,156 37,967 Due to other funds 84,893 84,893 Unearned revenue 49,234 18,071 67,305 Compensated absences 91,528 43,787 135,315 Total current liabilities 283,328 73,745 357,073 Noncurrent liabilities: Net pension liability 1,250,606 319,126 1,569,732 Compensated absences 5,042 5,042 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,250,606 324,168 1,574,774 Total liabilities 1,533,934 397,913 1,931,847 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 18,186 89,453 71,267 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 747,119 747,119 Unrestricted 3,145,284 714,457 3,859,741 Total net position \$ 3,892,403 \$ 714,457 \$ 4,606,860

- 23 - EXHIBIT 7

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Enterprise Fund			
		Major Fund		
	School Food		_	
	Service	Child Care	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES	.		. 4 545 005	
Food sales	\$ 1,547,227	1 201 500	\$ 1,547,227	
Child care fees		1,301,709	1,301,709	
Total operating revenues	1,547,227	1,301,709	2,848,936	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Food cost:				
Purchase of food	2,053,835	54,184	2,108,019	
Donated commodities	468,432		468,432	
Salaries and benefits	3,464,504	1,063,788	4,528,292	
Indirect costs	370 , 798		370,798	
Materials and supplies	272,341	35 , 380	307 , 721	
Repairs and maintenance	57 , 727		57 , 727	
Depreciation	140,260		140,260	
Non Capitalized Equipment	80,360	4,007	84,367	
Purchased services	14,842	41,071	55,913	
Total operating expenses	6,923,099	1,198,430	8,121,529	
Operating Income (loss)	(5,375,872)	103,279	(5,272,593)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
Federal reimbursements	4,655,276		4,655,276	
Federal commodities	468,432		468,432	
State reimbursements	18,251		18,251	
Interest earned	1,872	1,071	2,943	
Indirect costs not paid	370 , 798		370 , 798	
Total nonoperating revenue	5,514,629	1,071	5,515,700	
Income (loss) before transfers	138,757	104,350	243,107	
Transfers from other funds	45 , 999		45,999	
Change in net position	184,756	104,350	289,106	
Total net position, beginning	3,707,647	610,107	4,317,754	
Total net position, ending	\$ 3,892,403	\$ 714 , 457	\$ 4,606,860	

- 24 - EXHIBIT 8

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Enterprise Fund		
	School Food		
	Service	Child Care	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,577,661	\$ 1,309,872	\$ 2,887,533
Cash paid for goods and services	(2,465,501)	(134,642)	(2,600,143)
Cash paid for employees services			
and benefits	(3,413,036)	(1,074,011)	(4,487,047)
Net cash provided (used) by			
operating activities	(4,300,876)	101,219	(4,199,657)
•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING			
ACTIVITIES Federal and State reimbursements	4,673,527		4,673,527
rederal and State remidursements	4,073,327		4,073,327
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of capital assets	(73,868)		(73,868)
Mat people (wood) has people 3			
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(73 , 868)		(73 , 868)
related limaneling activities	(73,000)		(73,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest on investments	1,872	1,071	2,943
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	300,655	102,290	402,945
cash equivalents	300,033	102,290	402,943
Balances - beginning of year	3,051,428	785,450	3,836,878
Balances - end of year	\$ 3,352,083	\$ 887,740	\$ 4,239,823
1			
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net			
cash provided (used) by operating activities			
Operating income (loss)	(5,375,872)	103,279	(5,272,593)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income			
to net cash provided by operating			
activities:			
Depreciation	140,260		140,260
Donated commodities consumed	468,432		468,432
Salaries paid by special revenue fund	45,999		45,999
Indirect costs not paid	370 , 798		370 , 798
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:			0
Decrease (increase) in due from			
other governments	29,369	5,373	34,742
		3,373	
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in inventory	3,961 (81,262)		3,961 (81,262)
Increase in pension liability	748,816	191,081	939,897
(Increase) in deferred outflows (Decrease) in deferred inflows	(641,464) (53,352)	(173,712) (13,614)	(815,176) (66,966)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(33,332)	(10,014)	(00, 300)
and accrued liabilities	47,144	(17,978)	29,166
Increase (decrease) in accrued annual leave	(809)	4,000	3,191
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues	(2,896)	2,790	(106)
Total adjustments	1,074,996	(2,060)	1,072,936
•			
Net cash provided (uses) by operating activities	\$ (4,300,876)	\$ 101,219	\$ (4,199,657)

- 25 - EXHIBIT 8

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:

The State Public School Fund paid salaries and benefits of \$45,999 to administrative personnel of the School Food Service Fund during the fiscal year. The payment is reflected by a transfer in and an operating expense on Exhibit 7.

Indirect costs of \$370,798 that would be due to the General Fund were not paid. These unpaid costs are reflected as a nonoperating revenue and an operating expense on Exhibit 7.

The School Food Service Fund received donated commodities with a value of \$468,432\$ during the fiscal year. The receipt of the commodities is recognized as a nonoperating revenue. The Fund recorded the consumption of \$468,432 worth of donated commodities during the fiscal year as an operating expense. These transactions are reported on Exhibit 7.

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of Caldwell County Board of Education conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Caldwell County Board of Education (Board) is a Local Education Agency empowered by State law [Chapter 115C of the North Carolina General Statutes] with the responsibility to oversee and control all activities related to public school education in Caldwell County, North Carolina. The Board receives State, local, and federal government funding and must adhere to the legal requirements of each funding entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the effect of internal activities upon revenues and expenses. Interfund fund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Board. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Board and for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont'd)

B. Basis of Presentation - (Cont'd)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are nonoperating.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Board. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund is the "Local Current Expense Fund," which is mandated by State law [G.S. 115C-426]. The General Fund consists of the Local Current Expense Fund (Fund 2) and Fund 8 (Other Special Revenue Fund) which is maintained separate from Fund 2 by the Board of Education pursuant to N.C. G.S. 115C-426.

State Public School Fund. The State Public School Fund includes appropriations from the Department of Public Instruction for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

Federal Grants Fund. The Federal Grants Fund includes appropriations from the federal government, generally the U.S. Department of Education, which are passed-thru the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

Individual Schools Fund. The Individual Schools Fund includes revenues and expenditures of the activity funds of the individual schools. The primary revenue sources include funds held on the behalf of various clubs and organizations, receipts from athletic events, and proceeds from various fund raising activities. The primary expenditures are for athletic teams, club programs, activity buses, and instructional needs.

Capital Outlay Fund. The Capital Outlay Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). It is mandated by State law [G.S. 115C-426]. Capital projects are funded by Caldwell County appropriations, restricted sales tax moneys, proceeds of Caldwell County bonds issued for public school construction, lottery proceeds, as well as certain State assistance.

The Board reports the following major enterprise funds:

School Food Service Fund. The School Food Service Fund is used to account for the food service program within the school system.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont'd)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Child Care Fund. The Child Care Fund is used to account for the preschool and after school child care program within the school system.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Government Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Board considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. These could include federal, State, and county grants, and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Board's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Board's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. Annual budgets are adopted for all funds, except for the individual schools special revenue funds, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. No budget is required by State law for individual school funds. All appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the purpose

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont'd)

D. Budgetary Data - (Cont'd)

level for all annually budgeted funds. The Board has authorized the Superintendent to move moneys between functions within the purpose level. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change purpose level appropriations. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. Amendments which alter the county appropriations or transfer monies to or from Capital Projects Fund also require the approval of the Caldwell County Board of Commissioners.

The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted. The primary revenue sources of the Board are the State of North Carolina, the Federal government and Caldwell County appropriations. Unexpended allocations from the State of North Carolina revert back to the State at the end of the fiscal year.

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

All deposits of the Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 115C-444]. The Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. The Board also has money credited in its name with the State Treasurer and may issue State warrants against these funds.

State law [G.S. 115C-443] authorizes the Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont'd)

F. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity - (Cont'd)</u>

1. Deposits and Investments - (Cont'd)

authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), an SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund; and the North Carolina State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF consists of an internal portion and an external portion in which the board participates. Investments are restricted to those enumerated in G.S. 147-69.1.

The Board's investments are reported at amortized cost or at fair value determined by either quoted market prices or a matrix pricing model. Bank deposits and the NCCMT are measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. Ownership interest of the STIF is determined on a fair market valuation basis as of fiscal year end in accordance with the STIF operating procedures. Valuation of the underlying assets is performed by the custodian. Under the authority of G.S. 147-69.3, no unrealized gains or losses of the STIF are distributed to external participants of the fund.

2. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

The Board pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. <u>Inventories</u>

The inventories of the Board are valued at cost and the Board uses the first-in, first-out (FIFO) flow assumption in determining cost. The inventories of the Board's General Fund consist of expendable materials and supplies, which are recorded as expenditures when purchased. The General Fund inventories do not reflect current appropriable resources and, thus, an equivalent portion of fund balance is reserved.

Proprietary Fund inventories consist of food and supplies and are recorded as expenses when consumed.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont'd)

F. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity - (Cont'd)

4. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Donated assets received prior to July 1, 2016 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation or forfeiture. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other capital assets are recorded at original cost. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Certain items acquired before July 1, 1982 are recorded at an estimated original historical cost. The total of these estimates is not considered large enough that any errors would be material when capital assets are considered as a whole.

It is the policy of the Board to capitalize all capital assets costing more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of two or more years. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Caldwell County holds title to certain properties, which are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Board. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board gives the schools full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provides that the County will convey title of the property back to the Board, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Equipment and furniture	10
Vehicles	8
Computer equipment	3

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

Depreciation for building and equipment that serve multiple purposes cannot be allocated ratably and is therefore reported as "unallocated depreciation" on the statement of activities.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont'd)

F. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund</u> Equity - (Cont'd)

5. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Board has one item that meets this criterion - contributions made to the pension plan in the current fiscal year. The statement of financial position also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Board has one item that meets this criterion - pension related deferrals.

6. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

7. Compensated Absences

The Board follows the State's policy for vacation and sick leave. Employees may accumulate up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. In addition to the maximum 30 days, noncertified support personnel were awarded an additional 10 days in fiscal years ended June 30, 2003 and June 30, 2004 and an additional 5 days in fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 for a possible accumulation of 55 days as of June 30, 2017. For the Board, the current portion of the accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material. The Board's liability for accumulated earned vacation and the salary-related payments as of June 30, 2017 is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements on a FIFO basis. An estimate has been made based on prior years' records, of the current portion of compensated absences.

The sick leave policy of the Board provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the board has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont'd)

F. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity - (Cont'd)

8. Net Position/Fund Balance

Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories - portion of fund balance that is \underline{not} an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 115C-425(a)].

Restricted for School Capital Outlay - portion of fund balance that can only be used for School Capital Outlay. [G.S. 159-18 through 22]

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont'd)

- F. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund</u> Equity (Cont'd)
 - 8. Net Position/Fund Balance (Cont'd)

Fund Balance - (Cont'd)

Restricted for Individual Schools - revenue sources restricted for expenditures for the various clubs and organizations, athletic events, and various fund raising activities for which they were collected.

Committed fund balance - portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote by quorum of Caldwell County Board Education's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority) and in certain instances approval by the County's governing body is required. Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing bodies that approved the original action.

Assigned fund balance - portion of fund balance that Caldwell County Board of Education intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however the budget ordinance authorizes the superintendent to modify appropriations between functions, sub-functions and objects of expenditure within a purpose within a fund.

Unassigned fund balance - the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. A negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to these purposes. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

Caldwell County Board of Education has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont'd)

- F. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity (Cont'd)
 - 8. Net Position/Fund Balance (Cont'd)

Fund Balance - (Cont'd)

firstly from revenues restricted as to use and secondly from general unrestricted revenues. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Board of Education.

9. $\frac{\text{Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial}}{\text{Statements}}$

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$44,805,521 consists of several elements as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental	
activities column)	\$131,014,351
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(61,922,760)
Net capital assets	69,091,591
Pension related deferred outflows of resources Contributions made to the pension plan	
in current fiscal year	6,309,556
Difference between projected and actual earnings On plan investments	14,947,538
Changes of assumptions	6,181,156

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont'd)

- F. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity (Cont'd)</u>
 - 9. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Cont'd)

Description	Amount
Liabilities that, because they are not due and	
payable in the current period, do not require	
current resources to pay and are therefore not	
recorded in the fund statements:	
	A (4.1
Net pension liability	\$(41,913,049)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1 000 000)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,980,869)
Differences between contributions and proportional	(407,712)
share of contributions and changes in proportion	(407,712)
Installment financing	(1,414,186)
Compensated absences	(6,008,504)
compensated appended	
Total adjustment	\$ 44,805,521

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of (\$2,738,721) as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund	
statements but capitalized as assets in the	
statement of activities	\$ 3,279,202

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont'd)

- F. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity (Cont'd)</u>
 - 9. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Cont'd)

Description	Amount
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements.	\$(3,689,550)
New debt issued during the year is recorded as a source of funds on the fund statements; it has no effect on the statement of activities - it affects only the government-wide statement of net position.	(1,210,775)
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements	863 , 570
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities.	6,309,556
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements.	
Pension expense	(7,851,671)
Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements but not in the fund statements because they do not use current resources	(441,244)
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements.	
Adjustment due to the use of the consumption method of recording inventory in the government-wide statements	2,191
Total adjustment	<u>(\$2,738,721</u>)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont'd)

F. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund</u> Equity - (Cont'd)

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS) and additions to/deductions from TSERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TSERS.

For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Board's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Board has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of TSERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. <u>Assets</u>

1. Deposits

All of the Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Board's agents in the unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the agent in the entity's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for noninterest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Board or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

A. Assets - (Cont'd)

1. Deposits - (Cont'd)

stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Board has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2017 the Board had deposits with banks and savings and loans with a carrying amount of \$12,517,192 and with the State Treasurer of \$-0. The bank balances with the financial institutions and the State Treasurer were \$12,802,700 and \$2,190,992 respectively. Of these balances, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$14,493,692 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the State Treasurer.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2017, the Board of Education had \$8,250,000 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standards and Poor's. The Board has no policy for managing interest rate risk or credit risk.

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

A. <u>Assets - (Cont'd)</u>

3. <u>Accounts Receivable</u>

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

	Due from (To) other funds (Internal Balance	Due from other s) governments	Other	Total
	(Incernal barance	3) governments	OCHEI	
Governmental activitie	s:			
General Fund	\$ 80,579	\$ 52 , 932	\$ 29,941	\$ 165 , 452
Other governmental		4,799,178		4,799,178
activities				
Total	<u>\$ 80,579</u>	<u>\$ 4,852,110</u>	<u>\$ 29,941</u>	<u>\$4,962,630</u>
Business-type activitie	es:			
School Food Service	\$ (80,579)	\$ 199 , 552	\$ 22,393	\$ 141,366
Child Care		<u>25,915</u>		<u>25,915</u>
Total	\$ (80,579)	\$ 225,467	<u>\$ 22,393</u>	<u>\$ 167,281</u>

Internal balances consist of administrative costs due to the General Fund from the School Food Service Fund.

Due from other governments consists of the following:

Governmental	activities:
Conoral Fur	

General Fund		County - Fines &
	\$ 17,438	Forfeitures
	7,983	State - Other Grants
	27,511	State - Medicaid
State Public School Fund	3,408,913	Operating funds from DPI
Capital Outlay Fund		State - Public School
	1,120,320	Building Capital Fund
Federal Grants Fund	269,945	Federal grant funds
Total	\$4,852,110	
Business Activities		
School Food Service	\$ 199 , 552	Federal funds
Child Care	<u>25,915</u>	County - DSS
Total	\$ 225,467	

II. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)</u>

4. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Reclassifications	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:		1.00140011104010110		<u> </u>	
Capital assets not being					
depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,950,419	\$	\$	\$	\$ 2,950,419
Construction in progress	629,710	(629,710)	<u>563,126</u>		563,126
Total capital assets not					
being depreciated	3,580,129	<u>\$ (629,710</u>)	\$ 563 , 126	\$	3,513,545
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	108,637,264	\$ 629,710	\$ 875,302		110,142,276
Equipment and furniture	3,942,010		396 , 532	(15 , 696)	4,322,846
Vehicles	11,851,308		1,444,244	<u>(259,868</u>)	13,035,684
Total capital assets being					
depreciated	124,430,582	\$ 629 , 710	<u>\$ 2,716,078</u>	<u>\$(275,564</u>)	127,500,806
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	46,873,380	\$	\$ 2,758,189	\$	49,631,569
Equipment and furniture	2,888,009		175,499	(15,696)	3,047,812
Vehicles	8,747,385		755,862	<u>(259,868</u>)	9,243,379
Total accumulated					
depreciation	58,508,774	\$	<u>\$ 3,689,550</u>	<u>\$(275,564</u>)	61,922,760
Total capital assets					
being depreciated, net	65,921,808				65,578,046
Governmental activity capital					
assets, net	<u>\$69,501,937</u>				\$ 69,091,591

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

A. Assets - (Cont'd)

4. <u>Capital Assets - (Cont'd)</u>

	Beginning Balances	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type activities: School Food Service Fund: Capital assets being depreciated Furniture and office equipment	\$ 3,092,898	\$ 74.138	S	\$ 3,167,036
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,092,898		\$	3,167,036
Less accumulated depreciation for: Furniture and office equipment	2,279,657	\$140,260	\$	2,419,917
Total accumulated depreciation	2,279,657	<u>\$140,260</u>	\$	2,419,917
School Food Service capital assets, net	813,241			747,119
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 813,241</u>			<u>\$ 747,119</u>

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Unallocated	depreciation	\$2,933,688
Operational	support services	755,862
Total		\$3,689,550

Construction commitments

Caldwell County and Caldwell County Board of Education have active renovation projects as of June 30, 2017. At year end, commitments with contractors for school renovations are as follows:

<u>Project</u>	Remaining Commitment
Lower Creek Elementary Parking Lot	\$240,000
Hibriten High - Track	117,500
Hibriten High - HVAC for Cafeteria	<u>213,285</u>
	<u>\$570,785</u>

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

B. <u>Liabilities</u>

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations

a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Board is a participating employer in the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. TSERS membership is comprised of employees of the State (state agencies and institutions), universities, community colleges, and certain proprietary component units along with the employees of Local Education Agencies and charter schools. Article 1 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the TSERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. TSERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.82% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service (or 10 years of creditable service for members joining TSERS on or after August 1, 2011), at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (or 10 years of creditable

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

- B. <u>Liabilities (Cont'd)</u>
 - 1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Cont-d)
 - a. <u>Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Cont-d)</u>

service for members joining TSERS on or after August 1, 2011). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60 (10 years for members joining on or after August 1, 2011). Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contribution. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

TSERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer (or 10 years of creditable service for members joining TSERS on or after August 1, 2011), or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eliqible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Board employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the TSERS Board of Trustees. The Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017, was 9.98% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

- B. Liabilities (Cont'd)
 - 1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Cont-d)
 - a. <u>Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Cont-d)</u>

amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$6,545,862 for the year ended June $30,\ 2017$.

Refunds of Contributions. Board employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of TSERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by TSERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Board reported a liability of \$43,482,781 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Board's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating TSERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016 and at June 30, 2015, the Board's proportion was .47343% and .47391% respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Board recognized pension expense of \$8,145,732. At June 30, 2017, the Board reported deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

B. <u>Liabilities - (Cont'd)</u>

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations - (Cont-d)

a. <u>Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System -</u> (Cont-d)

	Deferred Outflows Of Resources	Deferred Inflows Of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$ 2,055,052
Changes of assumptions	6,412,653	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	15,507,351	
Changes in proportion and differences between Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions		422,982
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,545,862	
	\$ 28,465,866	<u>\$ 2,478,034</u>

\$6,545,862 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2018	\$ 3,112,940
2019	3,112,550
2020	8,393,153
2021	4,723,315

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

- B. <u>Liabilities (Cont'd)</u>
 - 1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Cont-d)
 - a. <u>Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System -</u>
 (Cont-d)

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.5 to 8.10 percent including

inflation and productivity

factor

Investment rate of return 7.25 percent, net of

pension plan investment
expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

- B. <u>Liabilities (Cont'd)</u>
 - 1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Cont-d)
 - a. <u>Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Cont-d)</u>

the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Projection	_6.0%_	4.0%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including TSERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

- B. <u>Liabilities (Cont'd)</u>
 - 1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Cont-d)
 - a. <u>Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System -</u>
 (Cont-d)

all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

1%		18
Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)

Board's proportionate share
of the net pension liability
(asset) \$ 81,782,701

\$ 81,782,701 \$ 43,482,777 \$ 11,277,791

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

- b. Other Post-employment Benefits
- 1. Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. The postemployment healthcare benefits are provided through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Executive Administrator and the Board of Trustees of the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (the Plan). The Executive Administrator

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

- B. <u>Liabilities (Cont'd)</u>
 - 1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Cont-d)
 - b. Other Post-employment Benefits (Cont'd)
 - 1. Healthcare Benefits (Cont'd)

and the Board of Trustees of the Plan establishes premium rates except as may be established by the General Assembly in an appropriation act. The Plan's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135-7, Article 1, and Chapter 135, Article 3 of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. By General Statute, the Plan accumulates contributions from employers and any earnings on those contributions in the Retiree Health Benefit Fund. These assets shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. These contributions are irrevocable. Also by law, these assets are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to the Plan.

The State of North Carolina issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the State's Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (also, referred to as the State Health Plan). An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.ncosc.net/ and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. The Comprehensive Major Medical Plan is administered by the Executive Administrator and Board of Trustees of the Plan, which establish premium rates except as may be established by the General Assembly in an appropriation act. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees are the same as for active employees, except that the coverage becomes secondary when former employees become eligible for Medicare. For employees first hired on and after October 1, 2006, future coverage as retired employees is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on and after October 1, 2006

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

- B. <u>Liabilities (Cont'd)</u>
 - 1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Cont-d)
 - b. Other Post-employment Benefits (Cont'd)
 - 1. Healthcare Benefits (Cont'd)

with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's total noncontributory premium. For employees hired before October 1, 2006, healthcare benefits are provided to retirees (at no charge to the retirees) who have at least five years of contributing retirement membership prior to disability or retirement. In addition, persons who became surviving spouses of retirees prior to October 1, 1986, receive the same coverage as retirees at the State's expense.

Contributions are determined as a percentage of covered monthly payroll. Annually, the monthly contribution rates to the Plan, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis, are determined by the General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015, the School Board paid all annual required contributions to the Plan for postemployment healthcare benefits of \$3,809,035, \$3,601,635, and \$3,538,808, respectively. These contributions represented 5.8%, 5.6%, and 5.49% of covered payroll, respectively.

2. <u>Long-term Disability Bene</u>fits

Plan Description. Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The DIPNC is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. Long-term disability benefits are payable as an other postemployment benefit from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

- B. <u>Liabilities (Cont'd)</u>
 - 1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Cont-d)
 - b. Other Post-employment Benefits (Cont'd)
 - 2. Long-term Disability Benefits (Cont'd)

by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Plan accumulates contributions from employers and any earnings on those contributions in the Disability Income Plan Trust Fund. The plan does not provide for automatic postretirement benefit increases.

The State of North Carolina issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the DIPNC. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.ncosc.net/ and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. An employee is eligible to receive longterm disability benefits provided the following requirements are met: (1) the employee has five or more years of contributing membership service in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System of North Carolina, earned within 96 months prior to the end of the short-term disability period or cessation of salary continuation payments, whichever is later; (2) the employee must make application to receive long-term benefits within 180 days after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease or after monthly payments for Workers' Compensation cease (excluding monthly payments for permanent partial benefits), whichever is later; (3) the employee must be certified by the Medical Board to be mentally or physically disabled for the further performance of his/her usual occupation; (4) the disability must have been continuous, likely to be permanent, and incurred at the time of active employment; (5) the employee must not be eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from the Retirement System; and (6) the employee must terminate employment as a permanent, full-time employee. An employee is eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from the Retirement System after (1)

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

- B. <u>Liabilities (Cont'd)</u>
 - 1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Cont-d)
 - b. Other Post-employment Benefits (Cont'd)
 - 2. Long-term Disability Benefits (Cont'd)

reaching the age of 65 and completing five years of creditable service, or (2) reaching the age of 60 and completing 25 years of creditable service, or (3) completing 30 years of creditable service, at any age.

The monthly long-term disability benefit is equal to 65% of one-twelfth of an employee's annual base rate of compensation last payable to the participant or beneficiary prior to the beginning of the short-term disability period, plus the like percentage of one twelfth of the annual longevity payment to which the participant or beneficiary would be eligible. The monthly benefits are subject to a maximum of \$3,900 per month reduced by any primary Social Security disability benefits and by monthly payments for Workers' Compensation to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled. The monthly benefit shall be further reduced by the amount of any monthly payments from the Department of Veterans Affairs, any other federal agency or any payments made under the provisions of G.S.127A-108, to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled on account of the same disability. Provided in any event, the benefits payable shall be no less than \$10 a month. When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from the Retirement System, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under the TSERS. For members who obtain five years of membership service on or after August 1, 2007, the monthly long-term disability benefit is reduced by the primary Social Security retirement benefit to which you might be entitled should you become age 62 during the first 36 months. After 36 months of long-term disability, there will be no further payments from the DIPNC unless the member is approved for and are in receipt of primary Social Security disability benefits. It is payable so long as the member remains disabled and is in receipt of a primary Social Security disability benefit until eligible for an unreduced service retirement benefit. When an employee

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

- B. <u>Liabilities (Cont'd)</u>
 - 1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (Cont-d)
 - b. Other Post-employment Benefits (Cont'd)
 - 2. <u>Long-term Disability Benefits (Cont'd)</u>

qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from the Retirement System, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under the TSERS.

The Board's contributions are established in the Appropriations Bill by the General Assembly. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The contributions cannot be separated between the amounts that relate to other postemployment benefits and employment benefits for active employees. Those individuals who are receiving extended short-term disability benefit payments cannot be separated from the number of members currently eligible to receive disability benefits as an other postemployment benefit. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015, the Board paid all annual required contributions to the DIPNC for disability benefits of \$249,241, \$263,691, and \$264,283, respectively. These contributions represented .38%, .41%, and .41% of covered payroll, respectively.

2. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

		Salaries and	
	Vendors	_Benefits	Total
Governmental Activities:			
General	\$ 57 , 134	\$1,653,111	\$ 1,710,245
Other Governmental	496,274	<u>3,678,858</u>	4,175,132
Total governmental			
activities	<u>\$553,408</u>	<u>\$5,331,969</u>	<u>\$ 5,885,377</u>

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

B. <u>Liabilities - (Cont'd)</u>

2. <u>Accounts Payable - (Cont'd)</u>

Business-type Activities: School Food Service Other Business-type	\$ 26,862 4,731	\$ 30,811 7,156	\$ 57,673 11,887
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 31,593</u>	\$ 37 , 967	\$ 69 , 560

3. <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

The balance in deferred inflows at year-end is composed of the following:

	Deferred Inflows Of Resources
Change in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$ 422 , 982
Difference between expected and actual experience	2,055,052
	\$ 2,478,03 <u>4</u>

4. <u>Unearned Revenues</u>

The balance in unearned revenues at year-end is composed of the following elements:

-		Unearned Revenue
	(Child Care Fund) (School Food Service Fund)	\$ 18,071 49,234
Total		<u>\$ 67,305</u>

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

B. <u>Liabilities - (Cont'd)</u>

5. Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board maintains general liability and errors and omissions coverage of \$1 million per claim. The Board has an annual aggregate limit for general liability of \$2,000,000 and an annual aggregate limit of \$2,000,000 for errors and omissions claims. Statutory workers' compensation coverage is purchased through private insurers. Coverage is provided to the extent employees are paid from Federal or local funds. Workers' Compensation coverage is provided by the State of North Carolina through a self-insured fund, to the extent employees are paid from State funds. The Board also participates in the Public School Insurance Fund (the Fund), a voluntary, self-insured risk control and risk financing fund administered by the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction. The fund insures the tangible property assets of the Board. Coverage is provided on an "all risk" perils contract. Buildings and contents are insured on a replacement cost basis. The Fund purchases excess reinsurance to protect the assets of the Fund in the event of a catastrophic event. The Fund maintains a self-insured retention of \$10 million. Excess reinsurance is purchased through commercial insurers. A limit of \$5 million per occurrence is provided on Flood, Earthquake, Business Interruption and Extra Expense. \$10 million per occurrence is provided on Increased Cost of Construction. The Board also has a flood insurance policy for Collettsville Elementary School which is considered a flood risk. Coverage limits are \$500,000 for the building and \$255,300 for contents with a \$5,000 deductible for each. Flood insurance is not carried at other school locations because these locations are not considered to be a flood risk.

The Board also participates in the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan, a self-funded risk financing pool of the State administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of North Carolina. Through the Plan, permanent full-time employees of the Board are eligible to receive health care benefits up to a \$5 million lifetime limit. The Board pays the full cost of coverage for employees enrolled in the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan.

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

B. <u>Liabilities - (Cont'd)</u>

5. Risk Management - (Cont'd)

In accordance with G. S. 115C-442, the Board's employees who have custody of the Board's monies at any given time of the Board's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is bonded for \$100,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$100,000.

The Board carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

6. Operating Lease

The Board has entered into a lease for a facility with a lease term beginning April 1, 2012 and ending March 31, 2020. The Board may terminate this lease by providing at least 180 days advance written notice to lessor. This lease was amended in fiscal year 2015 to lease additional space and increase the monthly lease from \$3,290 to \$4,540.

The Board has entered into a lease agreement for Global Positioning Units (GPS) and related hardware, for the licensing of software related to this equipment, and for the provision of services related to this equipment. The lease term is sixty months with no payments due the first six months and a payment of \$4,824 each month for the final fifty four months.

Total operating lease expense under these leases totaled \$112,368 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Future minimum lease payments for these leases as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

June	30,	2018	112,368
June	30,	2019	112,368
June	30,	2020	71,508

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

B. <u>Liabilities - (Cont'd)</u>

7. Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2017, the Board was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the Board's management and the Board's attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Board's financial position.

8. Long-Term Obligations

a. <u>Installment Purchase</u>

The Board is authorized to finance the purchase of school buses under G.S. 115C-528(a). Session law 2003-284, section 7.25 authorized the State Board of Education to allot monies for the payments on financing contracts entered into pursuant to G.S. 115C-528. The State has accepted the bid to purchase Thomas Built Buses through a special third party financing arrangement by Mercedes Benz Financial Services USA LLC at total payments less than the purchase price. In 2014, the Board entered into an installment purchase contract to finance the purchase of ten school buses. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the Board entered into two installment purchase contracts to finance the purchase of a total of sixteen school buses. In 2017 the Board entered two installment purchase contracts to finance the purchase of fourteen school buses. These financing contracts require principal only payments of \$638,174 due at the beginning of the contract year.

The future minimum payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2017 including \$0 of interest, are as follows:

	<u>Governmental</u> Activities	
Year Ending June 30	Principal	_Interest_
2018 2019 2020	\$ 638,174 473,318 302,694	\$
Principal payments	<u>\$ 1,414,186</u>	
Total interest payments		\$ - 0 -

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

B. <u>Liabilities - (Cont'd)</u>

8. <u>Long-Term Obligations - (Cont'd)</u>

b. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the Board's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

Governmental activities:	Balance July 1, 2016	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, Current 2017 Portion	
Installment purchases Net pension liability	\$ 1,066,981 16,816,998	\$ 1,210,775 25,096,051	\$ 863,570	\$ 1,414,186 \$ 638,174 41,913,049	4
Compensated absences	5,567,260	3,871,412	3,430,168	6,008,504 3,430,00	0
Total	<u>\$23,451,239</u>	<u>\$30,178,278</u>	<u>\$ 4,293,738</u>	\$49,335,739 \$4,068,17	4
Business-type activities: Compensated absences	\$ 136,896	•	\$ 205,344	\$ 140,357 \$ 135,31	5
Net pension liability	629,835	939,897	0.005.044	1,569,732	_
Total	<u>\$ 766,731</u>	<u>\$ 1,148,702</u>	<u>\$ 205,344</u>	<u>\$ 1,710,089</u>	<u>. ೨</u>

Compensated absences and net pension liability are typically liquidated by the general and other governmental funds.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2017, consist of the following:

Interfund Balances	Am	ount
From the School Food Service Fund to the		
General Fund for Administrative Costs	\$	80 , 579

Transfers to/from other funds

From the State Public School Fund to the School Food Service Fund for administrative costs

\$ 45,999

II. Detail Notes on All Funds - (Cont'd)

D. <u>Fund Balance</u>

The Board of Education has a revenue spending policy that provides policy programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources firstly from revenues restricted as to use and secondly from general unrestricted revenues. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Board of Education.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$11,619,916
Less:	4605 650)
Inventories	(625,650)
Stabilization by State Statute Appropriated Fund Balance in	(82,873)
2018 budget	(5,221,247)
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 5,690,146

III. <u>Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies</u>

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Board has received proceeds from several Federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

IV. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 20, 2017, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. During the period from the end of the year and through this date, no circumstances occurred that require recognition or disclosure in these financial statements.

Required Supplemental Financial Data

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability for Teachers' and State Employee Retirement System
- Schedule of Contributions to Teachers' and State Employee Retirement System

Caldwell County Board of Education, NC Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System Last Four Fiscal Years

<u>-</u>	2017	2016	2015	2014
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.47310%	0.47343%	0.47391%	0.48170%
Board's proportionate share of the net				
pension liability (asset)	\$ 43,482,777	\$ 17,446,833	\$ 5,556,221	\$ 29,244,099
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 64,314,908	\$ 64,459,153	\$ 61,854,835	\$ 62,183,677
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a				
percentage of its covered-employee payrol	67.61%	27.07%	8.98%	47.03%
Plan fiduciary net position as a				
percentage of the total pension liability	87.32%	94.64%	98.24%	90.60%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Caldwell County Board of Education, NC Schedule of Board Contributions Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System Last Four Fiscal Years

		2017		2016	20)15	2	014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 6,	,545,862	\$ 5	,884,814	\$ 5,8	98,013	\$ 5,3	360,639
contractually required contribution	6,	,545 , 862	5	,884,814	5,8	98,013	5,3	360,639
Contribution deficiency	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 65,	,589 , 797	\$ 64	,314,908	\$ 64,4	59,153	\$ 61,8	354 , 835
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.98%		9.15%		9.15%		8.67%

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CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

DETAIL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016)

		2017		2016
REVENUES	Budget	Actual	Variances	Actual
Otata of Nauth Caualina				
State of North Carolina: Smart Start	\$ -	\$ 139 , 553	\$ 139,553	\$ 56,156
NC Pre K	809,113	768,522	(40,591)	789,479
NO TIC IX	000,113	7007322	(40,331)	7007175
Total State of North Carolina	809,113	908,075	98,962	845,635
Caldwell County:				
Appropriation	14,800,000	14,800,000	0	14,750,000
Forest Service	82,000	10,575	(71,425)	72,012
Total Caldwell County	14,882,000	14,810,575	(71,425)	14,822,012
United States Government:				
ROTC	146,000	93,460	(52,540)	110,228
Total U.S. Government	146,000	93,460	(52 , 540)	110,228
Other:				
ABC Revenues	30,000	30,511	511	37,532
Sales Taxes	0	83,377	83,377	85,350
Tuition and Fees	95,000	91,560	(3,440)	95,351
Fines and Forfeitures	250,000	231,901	(18,099)	237,152
Rental of School Property	8,000	9,997	1,997	9,727
Interest Earned on Investments	6,000	54,266	48,266	14,432
Miscellaneous & School	,,,,,,,	,	.,	,
Reimbursements	771,958	940,645	168,687	657,885
Indirect Cost Allocations	115,000	131,033	16,033	152,179
Contract Revenue	119,711	52,067	(67,644)	,
Private Grants and Donations	1,957,393	1,582,592	(374,801)	1,021,119
Medicaid Reimbursement	235,000	545,809	310,809	904,001
Insurance Settlements	3,500	15 , 729	12,229	32,253
Total Other	3,591,562	3,769,487	177,925	3,246,981
Fund Balance Appropriated	5,309,686		(5,309,686)	
Total Revenue	24,738,361	19,581,597	(5,156,764)	19,024,856
EXPENDITURES				
INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES:				
Regular Instructional Services:				
Salaries		2,245,716		2,882,216
Employee Benefits		686,993		904,278
Purchased Services		263,368		398,453
Supplies and Materials		98,617		250,267
Total Regular Instructional Services	\$ 5,150,475	\$ 3,294,694	\$ 1,855,781	\$ 4,435,214

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EXPENDITURES (CONT.L.)		2017		2016
<pre>INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES - (CONT'D): Special Population Services:</pre>	Budget	Actual	Variances	Actual
Salaries	\$	1,161,077	\$	\$ 1,049,359
Employee Benefits		113,758		119,118
Purchased Services		9 , 573		7,852 9,597
Supplies and Materials		33,594		9,597
Total Special Population Services	1,318,605	1,318,002	603	1,185,926
Alternative Programs and Services:				
Salaries Employee Benefits		1,263,930 478,461		1,042,547 378,805
Purchased Services		351,869		347,365
Supplies and Materials		228,444		396,900
Total Alternative Programs and				
Services	3,345,066	2,322,704	1,022,362	2,165,617
School Leadership Services:				
Salaries		1,313,154		1,275,165
Employee Benefits		460,923		420,223
Purchased Services		35,919		36,481
Supplies and Materials		33,154		45,298
Total School Leadership Services	2,514,077	1,843,150	670,927	1,777,167
Co-Curricular Services:				
Salaries		381,314		349,438
Employee Benefits Purchased Services		79,956 110,521		71,684 116,202
rurchased Services		110,321		110,202
Total Co-Curricular Services	664,806	571,791	93,015	537,324
School-Based Support Services: Salaries		666,329		539 , 672
Employee Benefits		238,868		188,319
Purchased Services		209,935		289,086
Supplies and Materials		80		8,105
Total School-Based Support Services	1,115,216	1,115,212	4	1,025,182
Total Instructional Services	14,108,245	10,465,553	3,642,692	11,126,430
SYSTEM-WIDE SUPPORT SERVICES:				
Support and Development Services:				
Salaries		622,539		432,359
Employee Benefits Purchased Services		169,539 20,554		129,788 13,888
Supplies and Materials		6,691		5,577
Total Support and Development				
Services	1,030,675	819,323	211,352	581,612
Special Population Support and				
Development Services:				
Salaries		53,286		35,443
Employee Benefits Purchased Services		17,324 61,338		12,002 51,795
		017000		017130
Total Special Population Support	101 040	101 040		00.040
And Development Services	131,949	131,948	1	99,240
Alternative Programs and Services:				
Salaries		84,526		6 , 751
Employee Benefits Purchased Services		25,717 10,016		1,493 8 217
Supplies and Materials		0_		8,217 153
Total Alternative Programs and				
Services	\$ 120,260	\$ 120,259	\$ 1	\$ 16,614

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	Loca	2016		
<pre>EXPENDITURES - (Cont'd):</pre>	Budget	2017 Actual	Variance	Actual
SYSTEM-WIDE SUPPORT SERVICES - (CONT'D):		-		
Technology Support Services:	٨	420 467		442.006
Salaries Employee Benefits	\$	439,467 165,797	\$	\$ 443,826 158,279
Purchased Services		38,791		46,494
Supplies and Materials		170,570		109,170
Total Technology Support Services	910,944	814,625	96,319	757 , 769
Operational Support Services: Salaries		1,175,223		1,041,080
Employee Benefits		417,509		364,405
Purchased Services		2,925,099		2,915,739
Supplies and Materials		730,183		755,984
Total Operational Support Services	5,309,543	5,248,014	61,529	5,077,208
Financial and Human Resource Services:		217 170		500 605
Salaries Employee Benefits		317,170 222,094		502,685 282,813
Purchased Services		523,843		480,884
Supplies and Materials		30,377		10,792
Total Financial and Human Resource Services	1,542,826	1,093,484	449,342	1,277,174
Accountability Services: Salaries		156,986		153,259
Employee Benefits		52,481		49,068
Purchased Services		22,536		31,141
Supplies and Materials		34,174		37,550
Total Accountability Services	266,178	266,177	1	271,018
Total Accountability Services	200,170	200,177		271,010
System-Wide Pupil Support:				
Salaries		32,080		31,315
Employee Benefits		13,319		12,484
Total System-Wide Pupil Support				
Services	45,401	45,399	2	43,799
Policy, Leadership and Public Relations Services:				
Salaries		491,313		446,339
Employee Benefits		117,586		100,066
Purchased Services		326,511		282,987
Supplies and Materials		98,216		98,425
Total Policy, Leadership and Public Relations Services	1,091,406	1,033,626	57 , 780	927,817
Total System-Wide Support Services	10,449,182	9,572,855	876 , 327	9,052,251
ANCILLARY SERVICES: Nutrition Services:				
Salaries		3,381		17,973
Employee Benefits		2,572		3,971
Supplies and Materials		11,158		12,241
Total Nutrition Services	26,558	17,111	9,447	34,185
Total Ancillary Services	26,558	17,111	9,447	34,185
Non-Programmed Charges:				
Payments to Charter Schools		57 , 609		62,378
Other		0		1,451
Total Programmed Charges	74,376	57,609	16,767	63,829
Total Expenditures	\$ 24,658,361	\$ 20,113,128	\$ 4,545,233	\$20,276,695

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		2017		2016
	Budget	Actual	Variances	Actual
<pre>EXPENDITURES - (Cont'd):</pre>				
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	80,000	(531,531)	(611,531)	(1,251,839)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers (Out)	(80,000)		80,000	
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	(531,531)	\$ (531,531)	(1,251,839)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2016		12,149,256		13,385,451
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve for Inventories		2,191		15,644
Fund Balance - June 30, 2017		\$ 11,619,916		\$12,149,256

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CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL FUND

DETAIL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016)

		2017		2016
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
REVENUES: State of North Carolina	¢ 76 222 522	¢ 7/ 227 560	¢ (1 004 072)	¢72 011 1 <i>61</i>
State of North Carolina	\$ 76,332,533	\$ 74,337,560	\$(1,994,973)	\$73,011,164
Total Revenues	76,332,533	74,337,560	(1,994,973)	73,011,164
EXPENDITURES:				
INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES:				
Regular Instructional:		22 222 262		20 201 565
Salaries Employee Benefits		33,330,368 11,873,810		32,881,767 11,216,103
Purchased Services		352,917		300,615
Supplies and Materials		1,427,646		1,762,270
Capital Outlay		38,496		46,012
		· ·		,
Total Regular Instructional	40 546 050	45 000 005	4 500 540	
Services	48,546,950	47,023,237	1,523,713	46,206,767
Special Populations:				
Salaries		5,869,557		5,823,472
Employee Benefits		2,453,455		2,237,546
Purchased Services		77,234		100,977
Supplies and Materials		31,335		35,543
Total Special Populations				
Services	8,431,581	8,431,581		8,197,538
Alternative Programs and Services:				
Salaries		2,035,302		1,971,524
Employee Benefits		705,959		669,095
Purchased Services		44,244		36,341
Supplies and Materials		292,102		205,706
Total Alternative Programs				
And Services	3,204,496	3,077,607	126,889	2,882,666
			·	
School Leadership Services:		2 222 060		2 474 160
Salaries Employee Benefits		3,333,960		3,474,160 1,155,455
Purchased Services		1,178,279 2,613		15,514
raremasea services		2,010		10,011
Total School Leadership				
Services	4,514,853	4,514,852	1	4,645,129
School-Based Support Services:				
Salaries		3,189,160		3,403,998
Employee Benefits		1,106,230		1,110,467
Purchased Services		628,181		567,917
Supplies and Materials		4,509		4,290
Total School-Based				
Support Services	4,928,081	4,928,080	1	5,086,672
			A 1 CEO CO:	A 67 010 770
Total Instructional Services	\$ 69,625,961	\$ 67,975,357	\$ 1,650,604	\$ 67,018,772

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PENDITURES - (Cont'd):				
LLIPLICIED (COILC UI.	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
SYSTEM-WIDE SUPPORT SERVICES				
Support and Development Services:				
Salaries	\$	190,694	\$	\$ 138,35
Employee Benefits		58,680		38,94
Total Support and Development				
Services	398,561	249,374	149,187	177,29
Special Population Support and				
Development Services:				
Salaries		334,748		343,02
Employee Benefits		112,490		108,60
Purchased Services		4,181		5,45
Total Special Population Support				
And Development Services	460,814	451,419	9,395	457,08
Alternative Programs and Services:				
Salaries		27,575		22,23
Employee Benefits		11,871		9,53
Purchased Services		276		1,07
Total Alternative Programs and				
Services	39,723	39 , 722	1	32,84
Technology Support Services:				
Salaries				
Employee Benefits				
Purchased Services		105,218		103,72
Supplies and Materials		44,530		16,97
Total Technology Support Services	167,235	149,748	17,487	120,70
Operational Support Services:				
Salaries		2,799,602		2,941,45
Employee Benefits		982 , 593		949 , 72
Purchased Services		99,265		118,38
Supplies and Materials		480,270		454,28
Capital Outlay		51,486		58,14
Total Operational Support Services	4,580,376	4,413,216	167,160	4,521,98
Financial and Human Resource Services:				
Salaries		322,558		68,17
Employee Benefits		114,243		20,49
Total Financial and Human Resource				
Services	436,804	436,801	3	88,67
Accountability Services:				
Salaries Employee Benefits				
Total Accountability Services				
-				
Policy, Leadership and Public				
Relations Services:		450 021		420 02
Salaries		450,031 125,893		438,03 115,89
Employee Benefits				
Employee Benefits				
Employee Benefits Total Policy, Leadership and	573 733	575 004	(2 101)	EE3 00
Employee Benefits	573,733	575,924	(2,191)	553,925

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		2017		2016
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
NON-PROGRAMMED CHARGES: Sales Tax Refund	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total Non-Programmed Charges		-	_	
Total Expenditures	76,283,207	74,291,561	1,991,646	72,971,284
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	49,326	45,999	(3,327)	39,880
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfer to Child Nutrition Fund	(49,326)	(45,999)	3,327	(39,880)
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year				
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		2016		
-	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Revenues:				
State of North Carolina	3,719,672	1,866,809	(1,852,863)	1,627,802
Caldwell County	1,368,623	1,636,789	268,166	3,047,928
Other _	60,000	78 , 866	18,866	53,117
Total Revenues	5,148,295	3,582,464	(1,565,831)	4,728,847
Expenditures:				
Instructional Services Equipment	707,189	635 , 266	71,923	586 , 427
System-Wide Support Services				
Equipment and Vehicles	1,551,152	1,465,154	85 , 998	1,719,578
Capital Outlay Projects -				
Building and Improvements	5,228,134	1,792,340	3,435,794	3,554,603
Debt Service:				
Principal _	863,570	863 , 570		681,874
Total Expenditures	8,350,045	4,756,330	3,593,715	6,542,482
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(3,201,750)	(1,173,866)	2,027,884	(1,813,635)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Installment purchase				
obligations issued	1,210,775	1,210,775	_	1,341,919
Fund Balance Appropriated	1,990,975		(1,990,975)	
Revenues and Other Financing				
Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures =	-	36 , 909	36,909	(471,716)
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of Year, July 1, 2016		3,253,793		3,725,509
End of Year, June 30, 2017		\$ 3,290,702		\$ 3,253,793

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES IN DETAIL - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		2017		2016
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
REVENUE				
State of North Carolina:				
Public School Building Capital Fund Public School Building Capital	\$ 469,423	\$ 78,387 -	\$ (391,036)	\$ 54,563
Fund - Lottery State Appropriations - Capital Outlay	2,386,679	734,852 190,000	(1,651,827) 190,000	891,365
State Appropriations - Buses	863,570	863 , 570		681,874
Total State Revenues	3,719,672	1,866,809	(1,852,863)	1,627,802
Caldwell County: Appropriation from general revenues Appropriation - Issued Installment	1,368,623	1,636,789	268,166	1,319,697
Purchase				1,728,231
Total	1,368,623	1,636,789	268,166	3,047,928
Other:				
Sales Tax	28,000	1 256	(28,000)	F 700
Interest Earned	20,000	1,256	(18,744)	5 , 799
Disposition Capital Assets Insurance Settlement	12,000	26,176 49,434	14,176 49,434	17,875 29,443
Other		2,000	2,000	29,443
Total	60,000	78 , 866	18,866	53,117
Total Revenues	\$ 5,148,295	\$ 3,582,464	\$ (1,565,831)	\$ 4,728,847

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION FOOD SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON GAAP) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016)

		2017		2016
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Operating Revenues:				
Food Sales	\$1,736,804	\$ 1,547,227	\$ (189,577)	\$1,790,430
Operating Expenses:				
Business Support Services:				
Purchase of Food		2,603,529		2,612,927
Salaries and Benefits		3,411,043		3,438,885
Materials and Supplies		272,341		320,698
Repairs and Maintenance		57 , 727		64,644
Purchased Services Capital Outlay		14,842		15,213
Non-Capitalized Equipment		74,138 80,360		30,146 65,830
Non capitalized Equipment		00,300		03,030
Total Operating Expenses	6,964,779	6,513,980	450,799	6,548,343
Operating (Loss)	(5,227,975)	(4,966,753)	261,222	(4,757,913)
Nonoperating Revenue:				
Federal Reimbursements	4,778,471	4,655,276	(123,195)	4,668,628
Federal Commodities	445,504	468,432	22,928	443,475
Federal Commodities - Summer Feeding	.,	_	_	2,030
Interest Earned	_	1,872	1,872	4,942
State Reimbursement	4,000	18,251	14,251	17,414
Total Nonoperating Revenue	5,227,975	5,143,831	(84,144)	5,136,489
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures Before other Financing Sources	-	177,078	177,078	378,576
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfer From Other Funds	_	45,999	45,999	39,880
Fund Balance Appropriated				
Tuesday of Devenues and Other				
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures	s -	\$ 223,077	\$ 223,077	\$ 418,456
bouleds over hapenareares	<u> </u>	Ψ 223 / 011	Ÿ 223 / 011	ψ 110 , 130
Reconciliation of Modified Accrual to Full Accrual Basis: Excess of Revenues and Other				
Sources Over Expenditures Reconciling Items:		223,077		\$ 418,456
Depreciation		(140,260)		(141,410)
Deferred outflows - pension		641,464		(380)
Deferred inflows - pension		53,352		467,056
Net pension liability		(748 , 816)		(341,985)
Indirect cost		(370 , 798)		(387 , 019)
Indirect cost not paid		370,798		387,019
Equipment Purchases		74,138		30,146
Increase (Decrease) in Inventory		81,262		(64,675)
(Increase) Decrease in Accrued Vacation Pay		- 539		11,470
Change in net position(full accrua	a])	\$ 184,756		\$ 378,678
change in het position(tuit acctue	<u>^</u> _ /	7 101,100		7 370,070

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION CHILD CARE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON GAAP) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016)

	2017			2016		
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual		
Operating Revenues:						
Child Care Fees	\$ 1,605,000	\$ 1,301,709	\$ (303,291)	\$ 1,285,296		
Operating Expenses:						
Business Support Services:						
Purchase of Food		54 , 184		47 , 837		
Salaries and Benefits		1,056,033		1,029,836		
Materials and Supplies		35 , 380		29,010		
Non Capitalized Equipment		4,007		4,296		
Purchased Services		41,071		47,690		
Total Operating Expenses	1,605,000	1,190,675	414,325	1,158,669		
Operating Income		111,034	111,034	126,627		
Nonoperating Revenue:						
Interest Earned		1,071		1,590		
Total Nonoperating Revenue		1,071	1,071	1,590		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures		112,105	112,105	128,217		
Reconciliation of Modified Accrual to Full Accrual Basis:						
Excess of Revenues and Other						
Sources Over Expenditures Reconciling Items:		112,105		\$ 128,217		
Deferred outflows - pension		173,712		(98)		
Deferred inflows - pension		13,614		119,183		
Net pension liability		(191,081)		(87,267)		
Pension expense		. , ,		. , ,		
(Increase) Decrease in Accrued						
Vacation Pay		(4,000)		3,474		
Change in net position(full accrua	1)	\$ 104,350		\$ 163,509		



Boggs, Crump & Brown, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

205 East Union Street P.O. Box 2070 Morganton, NC 28680 Telephone (828) 437-1361 Fax (828) 437-6114

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education Caldwell County Board of Education Lenoir, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Caldwell County Board of Education, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Caldwell County Board of Education's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Caldwell County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Caldwell County Board of Education's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Caldwell County Board of Education's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclose no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Boggs, Crump & Brown, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Bugge Cop & Brown

November 20, 2017 Morganton, North Carolina

Boggs, Crump & Brown, P.A.

205 East Union Street P.O. Box 2070 Morganton, NC 28680 Telephone (828) 437-1361 Fax (828) 437-6114

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE
TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB UNIFORM GUIDANCE
AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education Caldwell County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Caldwell County Board of Education, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Caldwell County Board of Education's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Caldwell County Board of Education's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Caldwell County Board of Education's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Caldwell County Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Caldwell County Board of Education's compliance.

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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Caldwell County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Caldwell County Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Caldwell County Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Caldwell County Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bugge Cop & Brown

Boggs, Crump & Brown, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

November 20, 2017 Morganton, North Carolina

Boggs, Crump & Brown, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

205 East Union Street P.O. Box 2070 Morganton, NC 28680 Telephone (828) 437-1361 Fax (828) 437-6114

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF OMB UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education Caldwell County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Caldwell County Board of Education, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Caldwell County Board of Education's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Caldwell County Board of Education's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Caldwell County Board of Education's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), as described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina and the State Single Audit Implementation Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Caldwell County Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Caldwell County Board of Education's compliance.

Member: American Institute of CPA's - North Carolina Association

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Caldwell County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Caldwell County Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Caldwell County Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Caldwell County Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bugga C-p & Brown

Boggs, Crump & Brown, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

November 20, 2017 Morganton, North Carolina

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: * Material weakness(es) identified? ___ yes <u>x</u> no Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses ___ yes <u>x</u> none reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted ___ yes <u>x</u> no Federal Awards Internal control over major federal programs: * Material weakness(es) identified? ____ yes _x no * Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses ___ yes _x_ none reported Noncompliance material to federal awards ___ yes _x__no Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) ___ yes <u>x</u> no Identification of major federal programs: Names of Federal Program or Cluster CFDA Numbers Child Nutrition Cluster: 10.555 National School Lunch Program (commodities) Non-Cash Assistance 10.553 School Breakfast Program 10.555 National School Lunch Program 10.559 Summer Food Service Program for Children

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs	<u>\$750,</u>	<u>000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	_X yes	no
State Awards		
Internal control over major State programs:		
* Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>x</u> no
* Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	yes	<u>x</u> none reported
Noncompliance material to State awards	yes	_x_ no
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major State programs: Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act	yes	<u>x</u> no
Identification of major State programs:		
Program Name		
Vocational Education- State Months of Emp. State Public School Fund N.C. Pre-Kindergarten Program	loyment	
Section II. Financial Statement Findings:		
None		
Section III. Federal Awards Findings and Quest	ioned Costs:	
None		
Section IV. State Awards Findings and Question	ned Costs:	

None

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section II. Financial Statement Findings:

None

Section III. Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs:

None

Section IV. State Awards Findings and Questioned Costs:

None

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Finding: 10-01 "Accounts Receivable - USDA" was not reconciled to

detail records on a monthly basis

Status: Corrected

Finding: 10-02 Same as 2010-01

Status: Corrected

Finding: 10-03 Child Nutrition program acquired equipment with ARRA

funds which were bid in compliance with state law but not placed on IPS which was not in compliance with ARRA directive #3 requirement as to utilizing the state wide Interactive Purchasing System (IPS).

Status: Corrected

Finding: 10-04 One teaching position was filled and paid with IDEA

VI B - ARRA funds but not posted with the local employment security commission office which was a

requirement of ARRA directive #3.

Status: Corrected

Finding: 12-01 Budget overexpenditure in Capital Outlay Fund.

Status: Corrected

Finding: 12-02 Late payroll tax deposits.

Status: Corrected

Finding: 12-03 Soft drinks were sold during lunch period in

violation of NC General Statute 115-264 as it relates to the National School Lunch and Breakfast Program.

Status: Corrected

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Finding: 13-01 The monitoring function of the internal control

system failed to prevent the disbursements of unauthorized payments at an individual school.

Status: Corrected

Finding: 13-02 Public School Building Capital Fund project reports

were not submitted to the grantor within 60 days of

the completion date.

Status: Corrected

Finding: 15-001 The Board failed to submit timely budget amendments

via BAAS (Budget and Amendment System).

Status: Corrected

Finding: 15-002 The Board failed to retain required records under

Session Law 2011-147.

Status: Partially corrected fiscal 2015-2016 - Although document

retention improved there still appears to be a lack of total understanding of Session Law 2011-147. See Finding 2016-001.

Finding: 16-001 The Board failed to return required records under

Session Law 2011-147

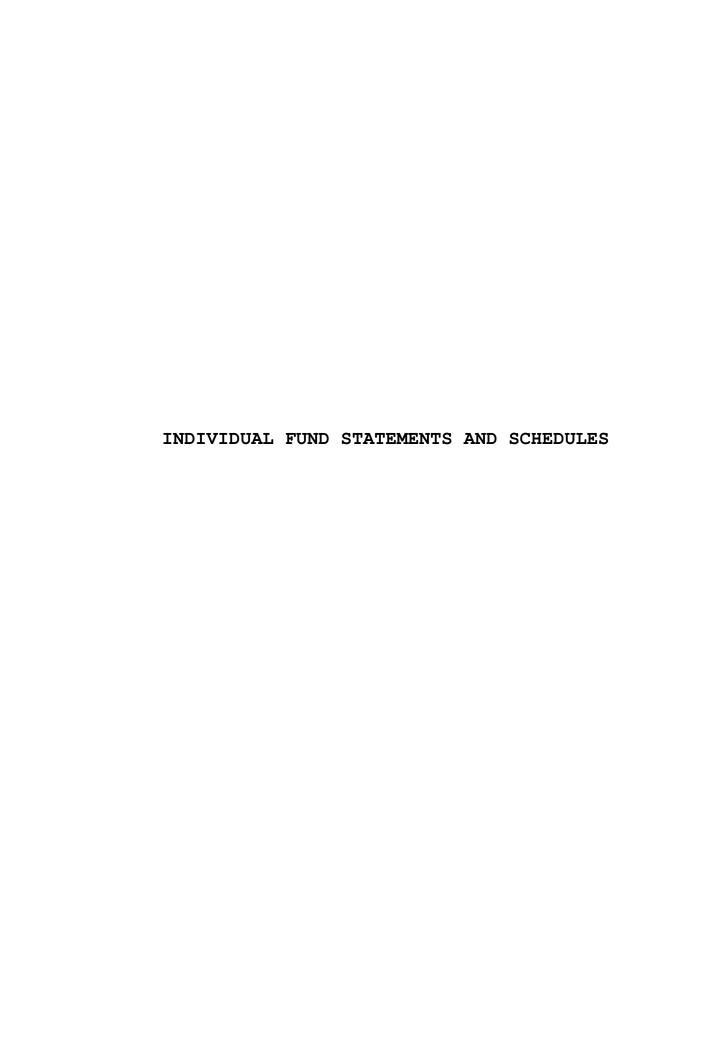
Status: Corrected

Finding: 16-002 The Board exceeded the state months allotted for

classroom teachers and vocational education

instructors.

Status: Corrected



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CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Federal CFDA	Federal	State
<pre>Federal - State Grantor/Program Title FEDERAL GRANTS:</pre>	Number	Expenditures	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Defense			
Direct Program	12 000	¢ 02.460	
ROTC	12.000	\$ 93,460	
Total U.S. Department of Defense		93,460	
U.S. Department of Education			
Cash Assistance Passed thru N.C. Department of Public Instruction:			
Title I, Part A Cluster: Title I - Educationally Deprived	84.01	3,351,350	
Total Title I, Part A Custer		3,351,350	
Special Education Cluster:			
IDEA - Handicapped	84.027	2,302,081	
IDEA - Pre-School Grant	84.173	124,171	
IDEA - Special Needs Targeted Assistance	84.027A	17,013	
IDEA - Pre-School	84.173A	7,913	
Total Special Education Cluster		2,451,178	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants			
to States	84.048	158,312	
Career and Technical Education - CTE Building			
Capacity Grant	84.048		
Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	414,099	
Language Acquisition	84.365	31,244	
Special Education State Improvement	84.323A	1,396	
Homeless Children	84.196A	17,869	
Math and Science Partnerships	84.366B	146,684	
Total U.S. Department of Education		6,572,132	
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster: Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)			
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Agriculture:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	468,432	
Total Non-Cash Assistance		468,432	
Total Non Cash Assistance		400,432	
Cash Assistance			
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruc		1 050 504	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	1,252,534	
National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.555 10.559	3,238,629	
Summer rood Service Program for Children	10.559	164,113	
Total Cash Assistance		4,655,276	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		5,123,708	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		5,123,708	
<u>U.S. Department Health and Human Services</u> Passed thru N.C. Department of Public			
Instruction:			
Abstinence Education	93.235	59,804	
Total Federal Assistance Programs		\$ 11,849,104	

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CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures	Exj	State penditures
<u>Federal - State Grantor/Program Title</u>				
STATE GRANTS:				
Cash Assistance				
N.C. Department of Public Instruction				
State Public School Fund			\$	69,636,038
Vocational Education - State Months of Employment				3,779,781
- Program Support Funds				357,512
Driver Training - SPSF				196,094
State Technology Fund - SPSF				368,135
Breakfast Program Reduced Price				18,251
N.C. Department of Health and Human Resources				
Division of Child Development and Early Education:				
NC Pre-Kindergarten Program				768,522
Passed thru Caldwell County Smart Start:				
Smart Start				139,553
N.C. Department of Transportation				
Construction Project Reimbursement - Roads				190,000
Office of the Governor				
Passed thru Caldwell County:				
Public School Building Capital Fund				78,387
Public School Building Capital Fund - Lottery				734,852
rubilo bonool bullulng capital runa boooli				701,002
Non-Cash Assistance				
N.C. Department of Public Instruction:				
School Buses Appropriation				863,570
Total State Assistance Programs			\$	77,130,695
3				

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the Federal and State grant activity of the Caldwell County board of Education under the programs of the federal government and the state of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2017 The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Caldwell County Schools it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of Caldwell County Schools.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited.

Caldwell County Schools has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 - Cluster of Programs:

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Public Instruction and are treated separately for state audit purposes: School Nutrition Program

CALDWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GASB 34 CALCULATION OF MAJOR FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Computes "X" if Meets			-	outes Meets
		10%	5%	=	10%	5%
Type of Fund	Assets	Rule	Rule	Liabilities	Rule	Rule
General Fund	\$ 13,334,475	Х	х	\$1,714,559	Х	Х
Special Revenue Funds: State Public School Fund Federal Grants Fund Individual Schools	3,408,913 269,945 1,319,654	х	х	3,408,913 269,945	Х	х
Capital Projects Funds: Capital Outlay Fund	3,786,976	Х	Х	496,274		х
Total Government Funds	22,119,963			5,889,691		
10% of Total Governmental Funds	2,211,996			588,969		
Enterprise Funds: Child Nutrition Fund Child Care	5,497,604 1,130,556	X X	Х	1,605,201 416,099	x x	X X
Total Enterprise Funds	6,628,160			2,021,300		
10% of Total Enterprise Funds	662,816			202,130		
Total Governmental and Enterprise Funds	28,748,123			7,910,991		
5% of Total Governmental and Enterprise Funds	\$ 1,437,406			\$ 395,550		

	-	outes E Meets		•	outes f Meets	Computes "MAJOR" if Fund is Major
	10%	5%	Expenditures/	10%	5%	If a "Category" Has an "X" in Both
Revenue	Rule	Rule	Expenses	Rule	Rule	Columns, Then Fund is a Major Fund
\$ 19,581,597	Х	Х	\$ 20,113,128	х	х	Always major
74,337,560	Х	Х	74,291,561	Х	Х	Major
6,631,936 2,891,672		Х	6,631,936 2,821,109		Х	Major - Discretion of Auditee Major - Discretion of Auditee
3,582,464			4,756,330			Major
107,025,229			108,614,064			
10,702,523			10,861,406			
7,061,856	Х	х	6,923,099	x	х	Major
1,302,780	X		1,198,430	X		Major
8,364,636			8,121,529			
836,464			812,153			
115,389,865			116,735,593			
\$ 5,769,493			\$ 5,836,780			